

Project Management SEM VI TYBMS

1. In designing a system it is found that the cost of the system was Rs 1,50,000 and the benefit is Rs 10,000 per month. The interest is 1% per month; the payback period using payback method with interest is

- A. 14 months
- B. 17 months
- C. 15 months
- D. 20 months

2. What is one of the most important skills a project manager can have?

- A. Negotiation skills
- B. Influencing skills
- C. Communication skills
- D. Problem Solving skills

3. Which of the following contracts should you use for projects that have a degree of uncertainty and require a large investment early in the project life cycle?

- A. Fixed Price
- B. Cost Reimbursable
- C. lump Sum
- D. Unit Price

4. Two exclusive projects have pay back as A 3years10 months and B 2 years 8 months , in that case

- A. A is accepted and B rejected
- B. B is Accepted and A is rejected
- C. Both accepted
- D. Both rejected

5. Cost of project is Rs. 6,50,000 and Average income is 1,15,000 if tax rate is 30% then ARR is

- A. 15%
- B. 12.38%
- C. 13.12%
- D. 17.69%

6. All of the following are contract types except:

- A. Unit Price
- B. Make or Buy
- C. Cost Reimbursable
- D. lump Sum

7. Which type of leadership is best suited for optimizing team performance in projects?

- A. Democratic leadership
- B. Participative leadership
- C. Autocratic leadership
- D. Authoritative leadership

8. What are the 4 stages of team development?

- A. Forming, Storming, Norming, Performing
- B. Enthusiasm, Hope, Panic, Solution
- C. Forming, Solutioning, Normalizing, Communicating
- D. Direction, Motivation, Cooperation, Collaboration

9. Your IT Company is responsible for making software virus programs. You are responsible for managing both individual product releases and co-ordination of multiple releases over time. Your role is that of a :

- A. Project Manager
- B. Program Manager
- C. Functional Manager
- D. Operations Manager

10. Which of the following is not a feature of a project?

- A. Constrained by limited resources
- B. Planned , executed and controlled
- C. Creates unique product or service
- D. May be ongoing and repetitive

11. A unique, planned, scheduled activity with one or more objectives referred as ____

- A. Project
- B. Job
- C. Process
- D. Task

12. _____ formalizes acceptance and brings project to an orderly end.

- A. planning.
- B. closing process.
- C. control process.
- D. executing process.

13. The Stepwise Project Planning has 0-_____ steps

- A. 9
- B. 10
- C. 8
- D. 11

14. Software systems are likely to be subject to a high degree of _____.

- A. performance
- B. change
- C. time
- D. strength

15. In _____ type of system, system interfaces with the machine.

- A. embedded
- B. stock control
- C. process control
- D. information

16. Projects may be distinguished by whether their aim is to produce a _____ or meet certain _____.

- A. product, objective
- B. product, tasks
- C. tasks, objective
- D. tasks and null objects

17. The first stage of the software project is a _____ which results in a recommended course of action.

- A. system driven project
- B. software driven project
- C. hardware driven project
- D. objectives driven project

18. The technique through which investment is recovered is

- A. Pay back period
- B. NPV
- C. IRR
- D. ARR

19. In case of product-driven projects, the objectives of the project are defined in terms of _____.

- A. functional requirements only
- B. resource and non-functional requirements
- C. functional and quality requirements
- D. resource requirements only

20. _____ defines what the end product of the project is to do.

- A. product perspective
- B. Non-functional requirements.
- C. Quality requirements.
- D. Functional requirements.