## **USCS403 COMPUTER NETWORKS SAMPLE QUESTIONS**

1.Communication between a computer and a keyboard involves
transmission.
a) Automatic
b) Half-duplex
c) Full-duplex
d) Simplex
2.The first Network was called
a) CNNET
b) NSFNET
c) ASAPNET
d) ARPANET
3. Which data communication method is used to send data over a serial communication link?
(A) simplex
(B) half duplex
(C) full duplex
(D) all of these
4. Coaxial cable has conductors with
(A) a common axis
(B) equal resistance
(C) the same diameter
(D) none of these
5. What is the main difference between synchronous and asynchronous transmission?
(A) band width required is different.
(B) pulse height is different.
(C) clocking is derived from the data in synchronous transmission.
(D) clocking is mixed with data in asynchronous transmission.

6 augments the CSMA algorithm to detect collision.
A) CSMA/CD
B) CSMA/CA
C) either (a) or (b)
D) both (a) and (b)
7. A distributed network configuration in which all data/information pass throug a central
computer is
<ul><li>a) Bus network</li><li>b) Star network</li><li>c) Ring network</li><li>d) Point-to-point network</li></ul>
8. Which of the following communications modes support two-way traffic but in only one
direction of a time?
<ul><li>a) Simplex</li><li>b) Half-duplex</li><li>c) Three-quarters duplex</li><li>d) Full duplex</li></ul>
9.In a scheme, all the signal levels are on one side of the time axis, either above or below.
<ul><li>a) polar</li><li>b) bipolar</li><li>c) unipolar</li><li>d) all of these</li></ul>
10. In, the level of the voltage determines the value of the bit.
<ul><li>a) NRZ-I</li><li>b) NRZ-L</li><li>c) both NRZ-I and NRZ-L</li><li>d) neither NRZ-I and NRZ-L</li></ul>
11. An internet is a
<ul><li>a) Collection of WANS</li><li>b) Collection of identical LANS and WANS</li><li>c) Network of networks</li><li>d) Collection of LANS</li></ul>
12. Routing tables of a router keeps track of

MAC Address Assignments

Port Assignments to network devices

Distribute IP address to network devices

Routes to use for forwarding data to its destination

- 13. Protocols are
- [A] Agreements on how communication components and DTE's are to communicate
- [B] Logical communication channels for transferring data
- [C] Physical communication channels sued for transferring data
- [D] None of these
- 14. The method of communication in which transaction takes place in both directions, but only in one direction at a time, is called?
- [A] Simplex
- [B] Four wire circuit
- [C] Full duplex
- [D] Half-duplex
- 15. Loss in signal power as light travels down the fiber is called?
- [A] Attenuation
- [B] Propagation
- [C] Scattering
- [D] Interruption