 Which of these best describes an array? a. A data structure that shows a hierarchical behaviour b. Container of objects of similar types c. Arrays are immutable once initialised d. Array is not a data structure
 2. What are the advantages of arrays? a. Objects of mixed data types can be stored b. Elements in an array cannot be sorted c. Index of first element of an array is 1 d. Easier to store elements of same data type
 3. Process of inserting an element in stack is called a. Create b. Push c. Evaluation d. Pop
 4.Process of removing an element from stack is called a. Create b. Push c. Evaluation d. Pop
 5. Pushing an element into stack already having five elements and stack size of5, then stack becomes a. Underflow b. Empty collection c. Overflow d. Garbage Collection
 6. A is a container for storing a collection of data records in which each record is associated with a unique key. a. Map b. Sets c. Dictionary d. List

7. LIFO means a.Link In First Out b.Last In First Out c.Least In First On d.Least In First Off
8.If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time, in what order will they be removed? a) ABCD b) DCBA c) DCAB d) ABDC 9.A Complexity of algorithm depends upon a) Time only b) Space only c) both time and space d) None of these
 10.What is a hash table? a) A structure that maps values to keys b) A structure that maps keys to values c) A structure used for storage d) A structure used to implement stack and queue
11. A variant of linked list in which last node of the list points to the first node of the list is?a) Singly linked listb) Doubly linked listc) Circular linked listd) Multiply linked list
12. Which nodes has same parent? a) root b) leaf c) siblings d) children
13. An expression tree is a kind of?a) Binary search treeb) Fibonacci treec) Binary treed) Treap

- 14. What are the disadvantages of arrays?
 - a) Data structure like queue or stack cannot be implemented
 - b) There are chances of wastage of memory space
 - c) Index value of an array can be negative
 - d) Elements are sequentially accessed
- 15.A binary tree whose every node has either zero or two children is called
 - a) complete binary tree
 - b) binary search tree
 - c) extended binary tree
 - d) null binary tree