

Sample Paper
Abnormal Psychology – Part I
UAPS502 – Paper V
Semester V

1. Hippocrates classified all mental disorders into three general categories—
 - A. Euphoria, Melancholia and Phrenitis
 - B. Depression, Mania and Phrenitis
 - C. Mania, Melancholia, and Phrenitis
 - D. Dementia, Melancholia, Phrenitis

2. The classification system of mental disorders proposed by _____ became the forerunner of the current DSM classification system.
 - A. Emil Kraepelin
 - B. Wilhelm Griesinger
 - C. A. L. J. Bayle
 - D. Sigmund Freud

3. _____ refers to an irregular pattern in the brain's electrical activity that is revealed through EEG.
 - A. Dysthymia
 - B. Dysrhythmia
 - C. Cyclothymia
 - D. Hyperthymia

4. General paresis—a degenerative brain disorder, cannot develop unless a person has previously contracted syphilis. This is indicative of _____.
 - A. Contributory cause
 - B. Necessary cause
 - C. Sufficient cause
 - D. Distal cause

5. Protective factors most often lead to _____.
 - A. Stress
 - B. Anxiety
 - C. Resilience
 - D. Happiness

6. Parents with a _____ are high on warmth but low on discipline and control.
 - A. Authoritarian Parenting style
 - B. Neglectful/Uninvolved Parenting
 - C. Authoritative Parenting
 - D. Permissive/indulgent style

7. _____ was classified as a somatoform disorder in DSM-IV-TR because it involves preoccupation with certain aspects of the body.
 - A. Obsessive Compulsive disorder
 - B. Anxiety disorder
 - C. Body dysmorphic Disorder
 - D. Social Phobia

8. The dysfunctional interaction among _____ the corpus striatum or caudate nucleus, and the thalamus is believed to be the central component of the brain dysfunction in Obsessive Compulsive Disorder.
 - A. Prefrontal Cortex
 - B. Orbital frontal cortex
 - C. Frontal cortex
 - D. Temporal cortex

9. According to DSM 5, to be diagnosed with agoraphobia the fear, anxiety, or avoidance should be persistent, typically lasting for _____.

- A. 6 months or more
 - B. 6 months
 - C. 6 weeks
 - D. 4 months or more
10. The treatment for Dissociative Identity Disorder DID, focuses on uncovering and working through the trauma and other conflicts that are thought to have led to the disorder primarily using _____.
- A. Behavior modification
 - B. Hypnosis
 - C. Desensitization
 - D. Medication
11. The most frequently diagnosed psychiatric symptoms during World War I & II among soldiers was _____.
- A. Depersonalization Disorder
 - B. Dissociative Amnesia
 - C. Conversion Disorder
 - D. Dissociative Identity Disorder
12. In _____ disorder, the person's goal is to obtain and maintain the benefits of playing the "sick role" to the extent of undergoing repeated hospitalizations to gain attention and concern of family members.
- A. Hypochondriasis
 - B. Factitious disorder
 - C. Illness Anxiety
 - D. Malingering
