SEMESTER V- TYBA PAPER VIII: Urban Sociology

Q 1)	Cities with at least a million inhabitants are referred to ascities
a)	Millionaire
b)	Satellite
c)	Dual
d)	Industrial
	said 'Social life in the country moves and develops in a rural setting just as social
Q 2)	life in the urban area moves and develop in an urban settings, their respective settings considerably
	determine rural and urban social life'.
()	A.R Desai
a) b)	Radhakamal Mukherjee
c)	Ernest Burgess
d)	Robert Park
u)	
Q 3)	signifies impersonal relations, individualism and secondary associations
$\frac{Q(3)}{a}$	Ruralism
b)	Urbanism
c)	Urban
<u>d)</u>	Urbanization
04	Louis Wirth defines city as a relatively large, dense, and permanent settlement ofindividuals
a) b)	Homogeneous Heterogeneous
c)	Educated
d)	Professional
u)	
Q 5)	Homer Hoyt's study found that city was growing alongside the
$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{a}$	Ghettos
b)	Industry
c)	Immigrant region
d)	Mass Transport
Q 6)	According to George Simmel, in response to Stimuli in metropolis, urbanites develop
a)	Open mind
b)	Close contacts
c)	Fear
,	Blasé attitude
d)	
Q 7)	Choose the Sociologist that does not belong to the Chicago school of urban studies
a)	Louis Wirth
<u>b)</u>	David Harvey
c)	Robert Park
d)	Ernest Burgess
Q 8)	The Los Angeles school broadly organized themes like
a)	Urban Institutions
b)	Social Disorganization
() ()	Natural areas
d)	Polycentric Urban patterns

Q 9)	David Harvey believed that state plays a significant role in facilitating the flows of
a)	Capital from first circuit to second circuit by creating financial tools and policies
b)	People from one city to another city
c)	Companies from one State to another State
d)	Experts from one region to another region
Q 10)	cities showed remarkable growth
a)	French
b)	German
c)	British
d)	Portuguese
Q 11)	is one of the oldest existing cities in North India
a)	Madurai
b)	Baroda
c)	Patna
d)	Varanasi
Q 12)	After Independence, India experiencedurbanization
a)	Slow
b)	Tardy
c)	Rapid
d)	Retarded