SEMESTER V- TYBA PAPER IX: Quantitative Social Research

Q 1)	The easiest way to define a _____ is perhaps something whose solution is unknown, but exists.
a)	Problem
b)	Axiom
c)	Riddle
d)	Puzzle
Q 2)	_____ are original observations collected by the researcher or by his agent for the first time for any investigation.
a)	Primary data
b)	Secondary data
c)	Primary and secondary data
d)	Tertiary data
Q 3)	Big data can be described as huge chunks of _____ data.
a)	Measurable and verifiable
b)	Transferrable and trustworthy
c)	Technical and subjective
d)	Structured and unstructured
Q 4)	The proposal is comparable to _____
a)	Book
b)	Summary
c)	Blue Print
d)	Project
Q 5)	A short summary of Technical Report is called _____
a)	Article
b)	Research Abstract
c)	Publication
d)	Guide
Q 6)	_____ consists of three parts: Subjects, procedures and data analysis.
a)	Methods
b)	Review
c)	Instrument
d)	Tools
Q 7)	The study through survey method sometimes become too much _____
a)	Regressive
b)	Aggregative
c)	Progressive
d)	Aggressive
Q 8)	The most common research instrument used is _____
a)	Moderator
b)	Telephone interviewer
c)	Mechanical device
d)	Questionnaire
Q 9)	_____ is also known as sequential sampling
a)	Inter-penetrating
b)	Systematic

c)	Cluster
d)	Multi-phase
Q 10)	The measure of dispersion which uses only two observations is called _____
a)	Mean
b)	Median
c)	Range
d)	Coefficient of variation
Q 11)	_____ analysis helps us in determining the degree of relationship between two or more variables
a)	Ratio Statistics
b)	Correlation
c)	Web Crawler
d)	D-ROM
Q 12)	The median for the given data: 5000, 7000, 8000, 6000, 4000, 6500, 5500 is _____
a)	4000
b)	5000
c)	6000
d)	3000