

SEMESTER V- TYBA PAPER IV: Theoretical Sociology

Q 1)	_____ Stage is dominated by priests and the military.
a)	Scientific
b)	Theological
c)	Abstract
d)	Feudal
Q 2)	_____ favoured individualism and laissez- faire politics
a)	Auguste Comte
b)	George Simmel
c)	Emile Durkheim
d)	Herbert Spencer
Q 3)	_____ is social cohesion based upon the dependence individual have on each other in more advanced societies.
a)	Organic Solidarity
b)	Mechanical Solidarity
c)	Nominal Solidarity
d)	Attitudinal Solidarity
Q 4)	_____ is not a part of AGIL model of Parsons
a)	Goal Attainment
b)	Adaptation
c)	Isolation
d)	Latency
Q 5)	According to Merton, functions that are unrecognised and unintended are _____
a)	Latent functions
b)	Manifest functions
c)	In-Function
d)	Out-function
Q 6)	Parsonian Theory of Social Action is synthesis of _____
a)	Constructionism, Idealism, Socialism
b)	Liberalism, Utilitarianism, Positivism
c)	Function, Dysfunction, Manifestation
d)	Utilitarianism, Positivism, Idealism
Q 7)	_____ identified two hostile powers.
a)	Vilfredo Pareto
b)	George Simmel
c)	Karl Marx
d)	Max Weber
Q 8)	_____ said that ‘the history of hitherto existing societies is the history of class struggle.
a)	Karl Marx
b)	Max Weber
c)	Karl Mannheim
d)	Herbert Spencer
Q 9)	According to Dahrendorf, Authority is a legitimate relation of _____
a)	Domination and subjection
b)	Power and Prestige

c)	Status and Class
d)	Role and position
Q 10)	The major proponent of Ethnomethodology is _____
a)	Harold Garfinkel
b)	Karl Marx
c)	Antonio Gramsci
d)	Erving Goffman
Q 11)	Social life can be understood as a series of _____
a)	economic activities
b)	Political affairs
c)	Performances
d)	Interactions
Q 12)	The _____ was how to unite peasants in the south with industrial workers in the north.
a)	Public Wrap
b)	The Southern Question
c)	Private Woof
d)	Mezzogiorno