Royal College of Arts, Science & Commerce Semester VI - Sample Question Paper Microbiology Paper III (USMB 603)

Note: Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Choose the correct alternative.

- 1 Which of the following lipids contain isoprene unit? (1)
- a Neutral fat
- b Lipid A
- c Carotenoids
- d LPS
- 2 E.coli oxidizes propionic acid to (1)
- a Pyruvic acid
- b Butyric acid
- c Lactic acid
- d Acetoacetic acid
- 3 Stearic acid is (1)
- a C12 fatty acid
- b C14 fatty acid
- c C16 fatty acid
- d C18 fatty acid
- 4 PHB is (1)
- a an energy reserve
- b a Carbon reserve
- c a carbon and energy reserve
- d a nitrogen reserve
- 5 The number of Acetyl CoA molecules produced by β oxidation of palmitic acid
- a Five
- b Six
- c Seven
- d Eight
- 6 Subtilisin is (1)
- a an acid protease
- b an alkaline protease
- c a neutral protease
- d an amphoteric protease

- 7 The product of an amino acid decarboxylase activity is (1)
- a a keto acid
- b an amine
- c a dicarboxylic acid
- d a keto amine
- 8 Which of the follwing conenzymes is used by aminnotransferases? (1)
- a NADH
- b FAD
- c Pyridoxal Phosphate
- d Biotin
- 9 Amino acid racemases interconvert (1)
- a α and β anomers
- b D & L isomers
- c Cis and trans isomers
- d Structural isomers
- 10 Non oxidative deamination is catalyzed by (2)
- a Aspartase and alanine dehydrogenase
- b Aspartase and alanine oxidase
- c Aspartase and serine deaminase
- d Alanine dehydrogenase and alanine oxidase
- 11 Production of an enzyme only when its substrate is present is called as(1)
- a repression
- b activation
- c induction
- d modulation
- 12 Riboswitch is a regulatory (1)
- a snRNA
- b mRNA
- c rRNA
- d tRNA
- 13 Which of the following statements is true with respect to monocistronic mRNA
- a It is common in prokaryotes.
- b It is common in eukaryotes.
- c It is transcribed from an operon.
- d It encodes more than one polypeptide.

14 Which of the following is an alarmone? (1)

- a ppGpp
- b ppApp
- c AMP
- d GMP

15 Lac operon is under the control of following regulatory mechanisms. (2)

- a Induction and attenuation
- b Induction and catabolite repression
- c Induction and FBI
- d Induction and covalent modification

16 Photosynthesis apparatus of Green S bacteria is located in (1)

- a Thylakoid
- b Chlorosome
- c ChloroplastI
- d Membrane invagination

17 The following is an example of Hill reagent (1)

- a NADP+
- b NADH
- c FMNH2
- d NADPH

18 Which of the following is a symbiotic Nitrogen fixing bacteria.

- a Azotobacter
- b Klesiella
- c Anabena
- d Clostridium

19 Which of the following is a Chemolithotroph? (1)

- a Clostridium perfringens
- b S. aureus
- c Pseudomonas facilis
- d Pseudomonas aeruginosa

20 Reduction of nitrate to ammonia in *Clostridium perfringens* is an example of (2)

- a Assimilatory nitrate reduction
- b Fermentative nitrate reduction
- c Nitrate/ nitrite respiration
- d Nitrate/ Ammonia respiration