### ROYAL COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE SAMPLE PAPER SEMESTER VI Paper VI: Industrial & Organizational Psychology – Part II Course Code [UAPS603]

- 1. theory on a continuum of motivation theories is more distal.
- A. Expectancy
- B. Goal setting
- C. Action
- D. Need

### 2. Locke & Latham developed \_\_\_\_\_\_ theory

- A. Expectancy
- B. Goal setting
- C. Action
- D. Self-efficacy

### 3. A person with learning-oriented goal will focus their efforts on \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Enhancing their performance on the job
- B. Enhancing their knowledge and skill
- C. Enhancing their skills
- D. Enhancing their knowledge

# 4. In Galatea effect people's beliefs about their own capabilities lead them to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Perform better
- B. Learn better
- C. Work better in a team
- D. Work better individually

#### 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the value of an outcome or reward to a person.

- A. Instrumentality
- B. Expectancy
- C. Force
- D. Valence

# 6. Job satisfaction is a(an) \_\_\_\_\_\_ variable

- A. Behavioural
- B. Cognitive
- C. Affective
- D. Attitudinal

#### 7. The Job Satisfaction Survey assesses \_\_\_\_\_\_ popular facets of job satisfaction.

- A. Nine
- B. Seven
- C. Eight
- D. Six

# 8. Research suggests that different countries may have different feelings about job satisfaction levels due to cultural values about \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Work, Pay, Supervision, Co-workers
- B. Individualism/collectivism, Masculinity, Power distance, Uncertainty avoidance
- C. Supervision, Pay, work, promotion
- D. Skill variety, Task identity, Task significance, Autonomy

# \_\_\_\_\_ is the extent to which people perceive the allotment of rewards at

- work to be fair.
- A. Procedural justice
- B. Appraisal justice
- C. Fairness

9.

D. Distributive justice

### 10. Quitting the job has been tied to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Job performance
- B. Job motivation
- C. Organizational commitment
- D. Job satisfaction
- 11. Ms. Amy is employed in an I.T. firm for about 6 months now, she is hardworking and works beyond the minimum expected. Her supervisor does not trust her with important decisions and adopts directive style in his interaction with her. This suggests that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. She is a hired hand
- B. She is a cadre
- C. The supervisor is task oriented
- D. She is not fit for the job

## 12. The basic idea of \_\_\_\_\_\_ theory is based on expectancy theory.

- A. Fiedler's Contingency Theory
- B. LMX Theory
- C. Path Goal Theory
- D. Vroom-Yetton Theory

# 13. \_\_\_\_\_ is most accurate regarding the research conducted on participative leadership by Bragg & Andrews (1973).

- A. Participative leadership did not influence job satisfaction
- B. Participative leadership did not influence attendance
- C. Participative leadership did not influence job performance
- D. Participative leadership was not effective in every situation

# 14. When subordinates refuse to recognize the authority as the CEO their company. The CEO has lost\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Legitimate Power
- B. Expert Power
- C. Coercive Power
- D. Political Power

# 15. According to these theorists two types of relationship develop between supervisors and subordinates:

- A. House & Mitchell
- B. Bragg & Andrews
- C. Bass & Riggio
- D. Dansereau et al.

### \_\_\_\_\_ is the oldest theory.

A. Theory Z

16.

- B. Open System theory
- C. Theory Y
- D. Bureaucracy Theory

### 17. A supervisor believes that most employees are lazy and working only to earn money. He is likely to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Let the subordinates choose their own goals
- B. Allow the subordinates to use discretion
- C. Impose strict controls on the subordinates
- D. Make extensive use of delegating authority

18. Organizational development is a family of techniques designed to\_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Reduce employees' work stress
- B. Help improve the productivity
- C. Help improve the work satisfaction
- D. Help organizations change for the better

# 19. \_\_\_\_\_ is an intervention designed to enhance the communication and interpersonal skills of individual employees.

- A. Survey Feedback
- B. Team Building
- C. Management by objectives
- D. T-Group

#### 20. Meta-analysis suggests that team building tends to have positive effects on \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Team performance and Team goals
- B. Team functioning and team performance
- C. Team functioning and team goals
- D. Team commitment and team functioning

#### \*\*\*THE END\*\*\*