

# **Royal College of Arts Science and Commerce**

## **Department of Political Science**

### **Semester – VI India in Political Thought Paper – V**

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Sample Questions of Paper V

Maximum Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer. Each question carries 1 mark.

**1) Ranade was attempted to:**

- a. Synthesize the tradition of liberalism with positive ideas of Indian culture**
- b. Separate the tradition of liberalism with positive idea of Indian thought**
- c. Praise the Indian culture against western culture**
- d. None of the above**

**2) The Poona Sarvajanik Sabha was established by MG Ranade and G.V Joshi on**

- a. 2<sup>nd</sup> April 1870**
- b. 2<sup>nd</sup> April 1869**
- c. 2<sup>nd</sup> April 1871**
- d. 2<sup>nd</sup> April 1872**

**3) Ranade stood up for raising age of consent from:**

- a. 10 to 12**
- b. 12 to 14**
- c. 15 to 17**
- d. None of the above**

**4) Ranade wrote a paper entitled as:**

- a. Indian Economy**
- b. Indian culture and its heritage**
- c. Famine administration in Bombay Presidency**
- d. None of the above**

**5) Gandhi Ji wrote:**

- a. The story of my experiments with truth**
- b. Rise of Maratha power**
- c. Politics in the vernacular**
- d. None of the above**

**6) Gandhi Ji says political decentralization is essential for:**

- a. Emancipation**
- b. Empowerment**
- c. Economic decentralization**
- d. None of the above**

**7) Gandhi Ji's theory of trusteeship will help to formulate:**

- a. Liberal State**
- b. Authoritarian Socialism**
- c. Sarvodaya or Non-violent Socialism**
- d. None of the above**

**8) Vinoba Bhave developed Gandhi Ji's concept of Sarvodaya in the:**

- a. Four form**
- b. Three form**
- c. Two form**
- d. None of the above**

**9) Gandhi ji was born in:**

- a. 1835**
- b. 1849**
- c. 1869**
- d. 1890**

**10) Tagore was the first non-western poet to receive Nobel prize for literature in:**

- a. 1889**
- b. 1896**
- c. 1906**
- d. 1913**

**11) Tagore established Shantiniketan in:**

- a. 1910**
- b. 1902**
- c. 1901**
- d. 1912**

**12) Tagore was against:**

- a. Moderate nationalism**
- b. Liberal nationalism**
- c. Militant nationalism**
- d. None of the above**

**13) Tagore said that, the difference between east and west was:**

- a. West believes in power, east believe in personality**
- b. West believes in unrestricted freedom, east believe in tolerance and respect**
- c. West believes in unlimited wealth, east believe in self-restraint**
- d. None of the above**

**14) Tagore's ideas on nationalism were**

- a. Restricted to boundaries**
- b. Universal in nature**
- c. Conservative in character**
- d. None of the above**

**15) Savarkar joined the Ferguson College and set up Abhinav Bharat Society in:**

- a. 1905**
- b. 1910**
- c. 1901**
- d. 1918**

**16) Savarkar gave the concept of Hindu Rashtra in his book:**

- a. Hindu- pad- padashahi**
- b. Hindutva**
- c. Kabikahani**
- d. Bhagna Hriday**

**17) According to Savarkar the concept of Hindutva is:**

- a. Narrow than Hinduism**
- b. Broader than Hinduism**
- c. Comprehensive than Hinduism**
- d. None of the above**

**18) Agarkar was deeply influenced by**

- a. Utilitarian thinkers**
- b. Idealist thinkers**
- c. Liberal thinkers**
- d. Realistic thinkers**

**19) “Casteism is an expression of mental slavery of the Hindus” Who said**

- a. Gandhi Ji**
- b. Agarkar**
- c. MG Ranade**
- d. Dr.Ambedkar**

**20) Baba Saheb formed in 1924**

- a. Arya Samaj**
- b. Sarvajanik Sabha**
- c. Parathana Sabha**
- d. Bahishkrit hitkharani Sabha**