# FYBSc Sem I

	CO 1:	development of Microbiology as a distinct branch of
USMB 101	CO 1:	science
Fundamentals of	CO 2:	biological hazards and safety measures
Microbiology	CO 3:	structure and function of procaryotic and eucaryotic cells
	CO 4:	classification, structure and function of macromolecules
	CO 1:	principle, construction, working and application of
USMB 102 Basic	CO 1:	different types of microscopes
techniques in	CO 2:	physical and chemical methods of control of
Microbiology	CO 2.	microorganisms
iviiciobiology	CO 3:	nutritional requirement, cultivation methods and
	CO 3:	preservation techniques for microorganisms
	CO 1	methods of microscopy
	CO 2	observe bacteria and their cell organelles by staining
		procedures
	CO 3	laboratory instruments, equipments, disinfection
	CO 4	safe laboratory techniques and preventive measures
USMBP-1 Practicals	CO 5	aseptic tranfer techniques
	CO 6	estimate biomolecules qualitatively
	CO 7	sterilize / disinfect routine laboratory requirements
	CO 8	effect of various control agents
	CO 9	prepare different types of media for bacterial cultivation
	CO 10	study characteristics of bacteria

## **FYBSc Sem II**

	CO 1:	the characteristics of different types of bacteria
USMB 201 Basics of		classification, morphology, cultivation, reproduction and
Microbiology	CO 2:	significance of different groups of eucaryotic
		microorganisms
	CO 1:	microbial interactions
USMB 202 Exploring	CO 2:	role of microorganisms in human health
Microbiology	CO 3:	principle, construction, working and application of
	CO 3.	different instruments in microbiology
	CO 1	cultivate yeast, fungi, bacteriophage
	CO 2	methods of enumeration of bacteria
USMBP-2 Practicals	CO 3	microorganisms associated with human body, plants
	CO 4	study virulence factors
	CO 5	use of lab instruments like pH meter, colorimeter

# SYBSc Sem III

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USMB 301	CO 1	principle and procedures of methods of estimation of
		various biomolecules
Biomolecules and	CO 2	nucleic acid structure, chemistry and function
Microbial Taxonomy	CO 3	concepts of microbial taxonomy, classical and molecular
		methods of identification and classification of bacteria
	CO 1	importance of microorganisms in air, methods of
	601	sampling and studying air flora, air sanitation
	60.3	various fresh and marine water environments and
	CO 2	significance of microorganisms present in them
		concept of potable water and methods of water
USMB 302	CO 3	purification
Environmental	CO 4	microbiological analysis of water for potability
Microbiology	CO 5	methods of sewage water treatment and its monitoring
	60.6	importance of microorganisms in soil, methods of
	CO 6	sampling and studying soil flora
	CO 7	biogeochemical cycles
	CO 8	bioremediation
	CO 1	basic information about cell structure, microscopy,
LICARD 202 Ontion D		staining, nutrition and cultivation
USMB 303 Option B Basic and Advanced	60.3	physical and chemical methods of control of
	CO 2	microorganisms
Microbiology	CO 3	techniques used in recombinant DNA technology
	CO 4	basic bioinformatics
	CO 1	quantitative estimation of biomolecules
USMBP-3 Practicals	CO 2	classical method for bacterial identification
	CO 3	study air micro flora
	CO 4	methods for routine analysis of water and sewage
	CO 5	variety of soil micro flora
	CO 6	aseptic transfer, inoculation, cultivation of bacteria
	CO 7	methods of control of microorganisms
	CO 8	explore bioinformatics websites

## SYBSc Sem IV

USMB 401	CO 1	metabolism, pathways, reactions, thermodynamics
Metabolism & Basic	CO 2	classification and properties of enzymes and co-enzymes,
		their kinetics, factors affecting
Analytical Techniques		principles, working and application of analytical
rechniques		techniques like chromatography, centrifugation and

		electrophoresis
		host defence mechanisms like physical and chemical
	CO 1	barriers involved in innate immunity, cells of the immune
		system
		epidemiology - its tools, spread of infection and its
USMB 402 Applied	CO 2	control, nosocomial infections
Microbiology		food as a substrate for microorganisms, factors affecting,
	CO 3	general principles of food spoilage
	CO 4	general principles of food preservation
	CO 5	methods of microbial examination of foods
	CO 6	microbiology of milk and milk products, their production
	CO 1	introduction, design, working and applications of
LICAR 402 Option B	CO 1	biosensors, biofilms, and nanobiotechnology
USMB 403 Option B Advances &	CO 2	definition, characteristics, functions, classification of
Advances & Applications Of	CO 2	research
Microbiology and	CO 3	basics of scientific writing and steps involved
Soft Skills	CO 4	basics of biostatistics required for small scale research
Soft Skills	CO 5	introduction, types, production and application of
		biopesticides, biofertilizers and bioremediation
	CO 1	solve problems based on bioenergetics, biostatistics
	CO 2	isolate and study different enzymes
	CO 3	study enzyme kinetics
		use chromatography, centrifugation, electrophoresis
	CO 4	techniques for separation and identification of
		biomolecules
	CO 5	study immune cells and mechanisms
USMBP-4	CO 6	isolate food spoilage organisms and study factors
		important in their control
	CO 7	analyse milk and milk products as per BIS / FSSAI
		standards
	CO 8	isolate organisms as biofertilizers
	CO 9	prepare nanoparticles and study their antimicobial
		activity
	CO 10	study biofilms
	CO 11	abstract writing of scientific paper

## TYBSc Sem V

	CO 1	molecular mechanisms of DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
USMB 501 Microbial Genetics	CO 2	central dogma, transcription, translation
	CO 3	types of mutation, causes and effects and repair mechanisms of genetic material
	CO 4	gene transfer mechanisms in bacteria through transformation, conjugation and transduction
	CO 5	basic mechanism of homologous recombination in bacteria
	CO 1	virulence factors and their correlation with pathogenesis
	60.3	morphological, cultural and biochemical characteristics
	CO 2	of pathogens causing various diseases
	CO 3	mode of transmission and prophylaxis of diseases
	CO 4	methods of diagnosis of diseases
USMB 502 Medical		organs and tissues involved in adaptive immune
Microbiology and	CO 5	response
Immunology Part I	CO 6	role of antigen in initiating immune response
	CO 7	structure & functions of immunoglobulin
	60.0	importance of cytokines, MHC, APCs, Cytokines, and the
	CO 8	role in adaptive immunity
	CO 9	principle and working of various antigen – antibody
	609	reaction
	CO 1	the architecture of the membrane and how solute is
		transported inside the cell.
	CO 2	Describe and explain the electron transport chains in
		prokaryotes and mitochondria and mechanism of ATP
		synthesis.
USMB 503 Microbial	CO 3	bioluminescence mechanism and its significance
Biochemistry Part I		methods of studying catabolism and anabolism and the
	CO 4	various pathways for the breakdown of carbohydrates
		along with reactions in amphibolic pathways.
	CO 5	anabolic reactions in carbohydrate synthesis.
	CO 6	concepts of energetics and catabolism in biodegradation
		of various substrates.
	CO 1	applications of microbes and its strain improvement in
USMB 504		Industrial Microbiology.
Bioprocess	CO 2	Application of kinetic formula to determine growth and
Technology Part I		productivity parameters of batch continuous, fed batch
		and solid substrate fermentations
	CO 3	design of bioreactors for different applications and its

		process parameters
		Design media, growth conditions and techniques for
	CO 4	producing and recovering different types of products of
		commercial value.
	CO 5	containment and levels of containment.
	60.4	study effect of UV as a mutagenic agents, isolate
	CO 1	mutants
	CO 2	isolate plasmid DNA
USMBP-5 Practicals	CO 3	study some virulence factors
USIVIDP-5 Practicals	CO 4	isolate and identify etiological agent from a pathogenic
	CO 4	sample for various disease
	CO 5	prepare antigen and study its reaction
	CO 6	special staining for identification
	CO 1	isolate bioluminiscent organisms and study their
		properties
	CO 2	study oxidative and fermentative modes of fermentation
		and organisms involved
USMBP-6 Practicals		activity of some metabolically important enzymes
USIVIDE-O Practicals	CO 4	study various aspects of alcohol fermentation
	CO 5	estimate sugar and alcohol
	CO 6	isolate antibiotic producer and study its antimicrobial
		spectrum
	CO 7	study solid state fermentation for enzyme production

# **TYBSc Sem VI**

	CO 1	recombinant DNA molecules , also know the tools required like vectors , restriction enzymes etc.
		use of databases and software tools for
LICARD COA "DALA	CO 2	
USMB 601 rDNA		understanding biological data.
Technology,		gene expression in prokaryotes, operon as a unit of gene
Bioinformatics &	CO 3	regulation, regulation of gene expression in procaryotes
Virology		and bacteriophages
	CO 4	general structure, life cycle and classification of viruses
		and their cultivation
	CO 5	study viriods, prions oncoviruses
		morphological, cultural and biochemical characteristics
USMB 602 Medical	CO 1	of pathogens causing some more diseases, their
Microbiology and Immunology Part II		diagnosis and prophylaxis
	CO 2	chemotherapeutic agents - their attributes, desirable
		properties

	CO 3	mode of action on cell wall, cell membrane, protein
-		synthesis and function, DNA , metabolic activities
		Mechanisms of drug resistance and its significance
	CO 5	structure and role of T- and B- cells in adaptive immunity
	CO 6	mechanism of adaptive immune response
	CO 7	complement system - components and activation
	CO 8	Application of the concept of immunity to prevention of
		disease by development of vaccines
	CO 1	Metabolism of Lipids, Fatty acids, Nucleotides and Amino acids
	CO 2	Catabolism of Protein, aliphatic hydrocarbons and aromatic hydrocarbons
USMB 603 Microbial	CO 3	Regulation of metabolic process at various levels
Biochemistry Part II	CO 4	Photosynthesis
,	CO 5	Metabolism of inorganic molecules with special reference to nitrate and sulfate
	CO 6	Biological Nitrogen fixation
	CO 7	Lithotrophy
		actual process involved in fermentations of important
_	CO 1	products.
USMB 504	CO 2	applications of animal and plant tissue culture techniques.
Bioprocess	CO 3	applications of immobilized enzymes in various fields.
Technology Part I	CO 4	working of important instruments used in biochemical analysis and bioassay.
	CO 5	salient features of quality management and regulatory procedures
	CO 1	isolate genomic DNA
	CO 2	enrich and enumerate coliphages
	CO 3	study bioinformatic databases and softwares like BLAST
	CO 4	demonstrate PCR, Western Blot, animal tissue culture
USMBP-7 Practicals	CO 5	antibiotic sensitivity testing
	CO 6	MBC of antibiotic
	CO 7	Blood grouping
	CO 8	Coomb's test
	CO 1	Screening of microorganisms producing lipase, PHB and
LISMED 9 Dracticals		protease  Detection of activity of enzymes which play an important
	CO 2	role in amino acid and nitrate metabolism
USMBP-8 Practicals	CO 3	Quantitative detection of important metabolic products
		such as protein and uric acid.
	CO 4	Quantitative detection of an important metabolic
		enzymes- protease

CO 5	Bioassay of antibiotic and vitamin
CO 6	immobilization of enzyme
CO 7	plant tissue culture
CO 8	viability testing
CO 9	steritility testing